



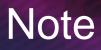
VASP Performance Benchmark and Profiling

January 2013











- The following research was performed under the HPC Advisory Council activities
 - Participating vendors: AMD, Dell, Mellanox
 - Compute resource -
 - HPC Advisory Council Cluster Center
- For more info please refer to
 - http://www.amd.com
 - <u>http://www.dell.com/hpc</u>
 - http://www.mellanox.com
 - http://www.vasp.at



• VASP

- Stands for "Vienna Ab-initio Simulation Package"
- Performs ab-initio quantum-mechanical molecular dynamics (MD)
 - using pseudopotentials and a plane wave basis set
- The code is written in FORTRAN 90 with MPI support
- Access to the code may be given by a request via the VASP website

• The approach that used in VASP is based on the techniques:

- A finite-temperature local-density approximation, and
- An exact evaluation of the instantaneous electronic ground state at each MDstep using efficient matrix diagonalization schemes and an efficient Pulay mixing
- These techniques avoid problems in original Car-Parrinello method
 - which is based on the simultaneous integration of electronic and ionic equations of motion

Objectives



The following was done to provide best practices

- VASP performance benchmarking
- Understanding VASP communication patterns
- Ways to increase VASP productivity
- Compilers and network interconnects comparisons

The presented results will demonstrate

- The scalability of the compute environment
- The capability of VASP to achieve scalable productivity
- Considerations for performance optimizations

Test Cluster Configuration



- Dell[™] PowerEdge[™] R815 11-node (704-core) cluster
- AMD[™] Opteron[™] 6276 (code name "Interlagos") 16-core @ 2.3 GHz CPUs
- 4 CPU sockets per server node
- Mellanox ConnectX®-3 FDR InfiniBand Adapters
- Mellanox SwitchX[™] 6036 36-Port InfiniBand switch
- Memory: 128GB memory per node DDR3 1333MHz
- OS: RHEL 6.2, SLES 11.2 with MLNX-OFED 1.5.3 InfiniBand SW stack
- MPI: Intel MPI 4 Update 3, MVAPICH2 1.8.1, Open MPI 1.6.3 (w/ dell_affinity 0.85)
- Math Libraries: ACML 5.2.0, Intel MKL 11.0, SCALAPACK 2.0.2
- Compilers: Intel Compilers 13.0, Open64 4.5.2
- Application: VASP 5.2.7
- Benchmark workload:
 - Pure Hydrogen (MD simulation, 10 iconic steps, 60 electronic steps, 264 bands, IALGO=48)

Dell[™] PowerEdge[™] R815 11-node cluster



HPC Advisory Council Test-bed System

• New 11-node 704 core cluster - featuring Dell PowerEdge™ R815 servers

- Replacement system for Dell PowerEdge SC1435 (192 cores) cluster system following 2 years of rigorous benchmarking and product EOL
 - System to be redirected to explore HPC in the Cloud applications

Workload profiling and benchmarking

- Characterization for HPC and compute intense environments
- Optimization for scale, sizing and configuration and workload performance
- Test-bed Benchmarks
 - RFPs
 - Customers/Prospects, etc
- ISV & Industry standard application characterization
- Best practices & usage analysis



About Dell PowerEdge[™] Platform Advantages



Best of breed technologies and partners

Combination of AMD Opteron[™] 6200 series platform and Mellanox ConnectX®-3 InfiniBand on Dell HPC

Solutions provide the ultimate platform for speed and scale

- Dell PowerEdge R815 system delivers 4 socket performance in dense 2U form factor
- Up to 64 core/32DIMMs per server 1344 core in 42U enclosure

Integrated stacks designed to deliver the best price/performance/watt

- 2x more memory and processing power in half of the space
- Energy optimized low flow fans, improved power supplies and dual SD modules

Optimized for long-term capital and operating investment protection

- System expansion
- Component upgrades and feature releases



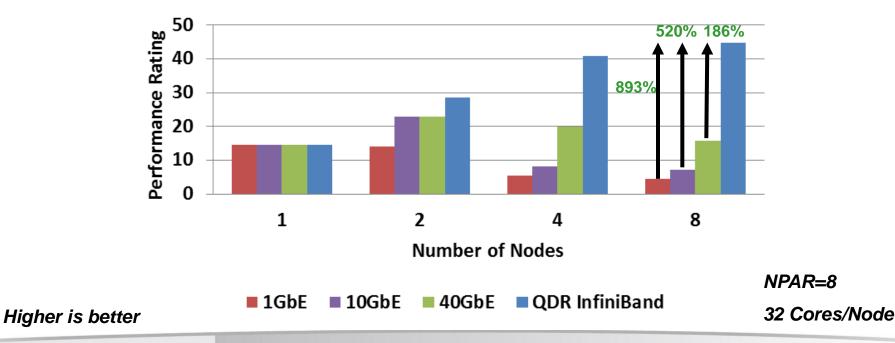
VASP Performance – Interconnect



• QDR InfiniBand delivers the best performance for VASP

- Up to 186% better performance than 40GbE on 8 nodes
- Over 5 times better performance than 10GbE on 8 nodes
- Over 8 times better performance than 1GbE on 8 nodes
- Scalability limitation seen with Ethernet networks
 - 1GbE, 10GbE and 40GbE performance starts to decline after 2 nodes

VASP Performance

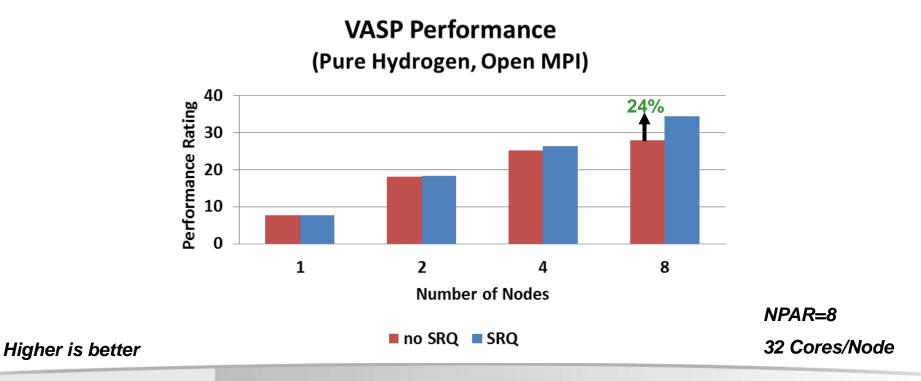


(Pure Hydrogen)

VASP Performance – Open MPI w/ SRQ



- Using SRQ enables better performance for VASP at high core counts
 - 24% higher performance than Open MPI at 8 nodes
- Flags used for enabling SRQ in Open MPI:
 - -mca btl_openib_receive_queues S,9216,256,128,32:S,65536,256,128,32
 - Processor binding is enabled for both cases

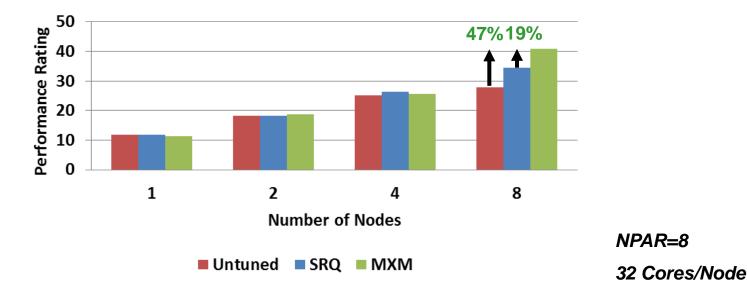


VASP Performance – Open MPI w/ MXM



• Enabling MXM enables better performance for VASP at high core counts

- 47% higher job productivity than the untuned Open MPI run at 8 nodes
- 19% higher job productivity than the SRQ-enabled Open MPI at 8 nodes
- Flags used for enabling MXM in Open MPI:
 - mca mtl mxm -mca btl_openib_free_list_num 8192 -mca btl_openib_free_list_inc
 1024 -mca mpi_preconnect_mpi 1 -mca btl_openib_flags 9
 - Processor binding using dell_affinity.exe for all 3 cases



VASP Performance

(Pure Hydrogen, Open MPI)

Higher is better

VASP Performance – Processor Binding



- Processor binding is crucial for achieving he best performance on AMD Interlagos
 - Allocating MPI processes on the most optimal cores allows Open MPI to perform
- Options that are used between the 2 cases:

40

30

20

10

0

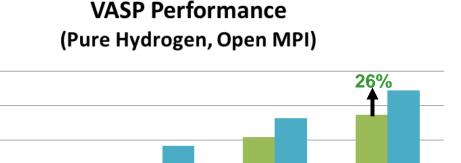
1

Performance Rating

- bind-to-core: OMPI param: --bind-to-core (OMPI compiled with hwloc support)
- dell_affinity.exe: dell_affinity.exe -v -n 32 -t 1
- dell_affinity is described at the HPC Advisory Council Spain Conference 2012:
 - <u>http://www.hpcadvisorycouncil.com/events/2012/Spain-Workshop/pres/7_Dell.pdf</u>
 - Works with all open source and commercial MPI libraries on Dell platforms

2

"--by-core --bind-to-core"



Number of Nodes

4

dell affinity.exe

8

Higher is better

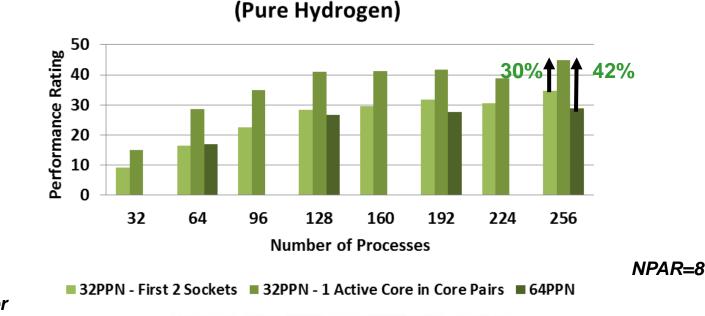
NPAR=8

32 Cores/Node

VASP Performance – Processes Per Node



- Running 1 active core in core pairs yield higher system utilization
 - 42% gain in performance with 64 PPN versus 32 PPN (with 1 active core) for 8 nodes
 - 1 floating point unit (FPU) is shared between 2 CPU cores in a package
- Using 4P servers deliver higher performance than 2P servers
 - 30% gain with 4P server (32 PPN with 1 active core/package) than 32PPN in a 2P



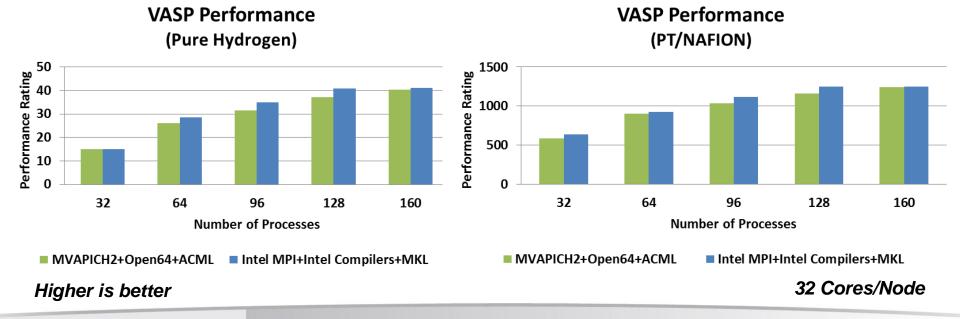
VASP Performance (Pure Hydrogen)

Higher is better

VASP Performance – Software Stack



- Free software stack performs comparably to Intel software stack
 - Free software stack: MVAPICH2, Open64 compilers, ACML and ScaLAPACK
- Specifications regarding the runs:
 - Intel Compiler/MKL: Default optimization in Makefile with minor modification to loc
 - MVAPICH2 runs with processor affinity "dell_affinity.exe -v -n32 -t 1"
 - Open64: Compiler flags: "-march=bdver1 -mavx –mfma"
 - Changes to interface blocks of certain modules to support Open64 can be accessed and acquired from the University of Vienna

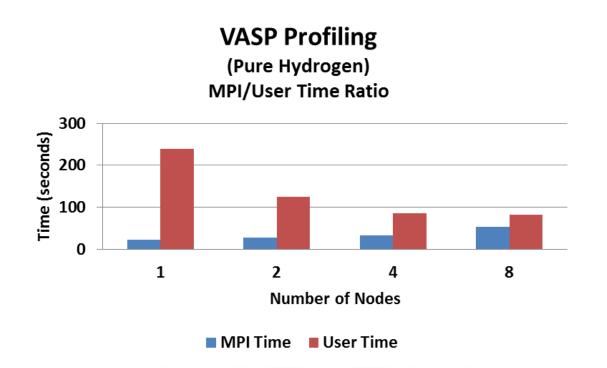


NETWORK OF EXPERTISE

VASP Profiling – MPI/User Time Ratio



- QDR InfiniBand reduces the amount of time for MPI communications
 - MPI Communication time increase gradually as the compute time reduces



32 Cores/Node

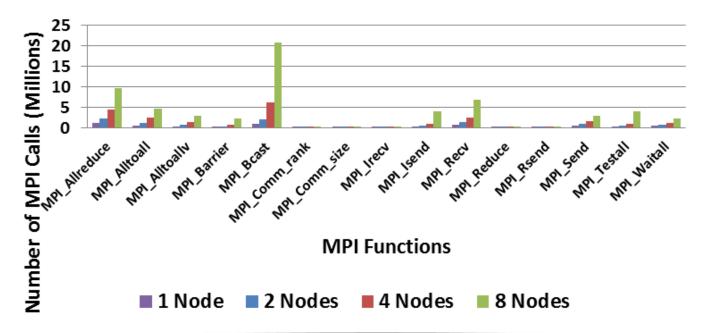
VASP Profiling – Number of MPI Calls



- The most used MPI functions are for MPI collective operations
 - MPI_Bcast(34%), MPI_Allreduce(16%), MPI_Recv(11%), MPI_Alltoall(8%) at 8 nodes
 - Collective operations cause communication time to grow at larger node counts

VASP Profiling

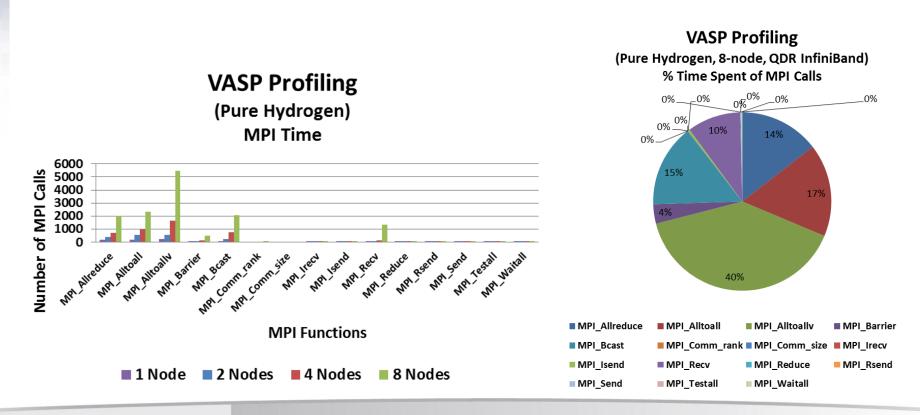
(Pure Hydrogen) Number of MPI Calls



VASP Profiling – Time Spent of MPI Calls



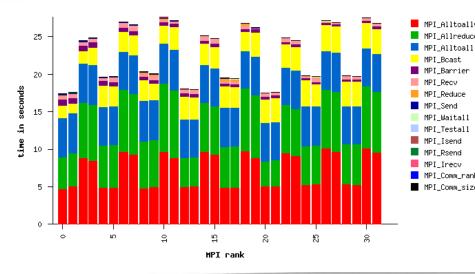
- The time in communications is taken place in the following MPI functions:
 - MPI_Alltoallv(40%) MPI_Alltoall(17%), MPI_Bcast (15%) at 8 nodes



VASP Profiling – MPI Message Sizes

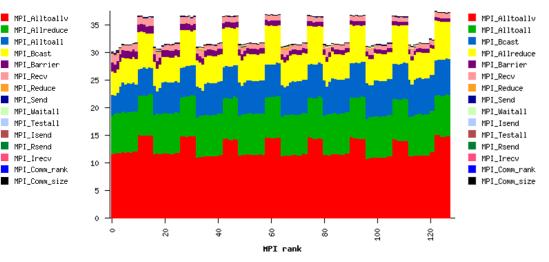


- Uneven communication seen for MPI messages
 - More MPI collective communication takes place on certain MPI ranks



1 Nodes – 32 Processes

4 Nodes – 128 Processes



VASP Profiling – MPI Message Sizes

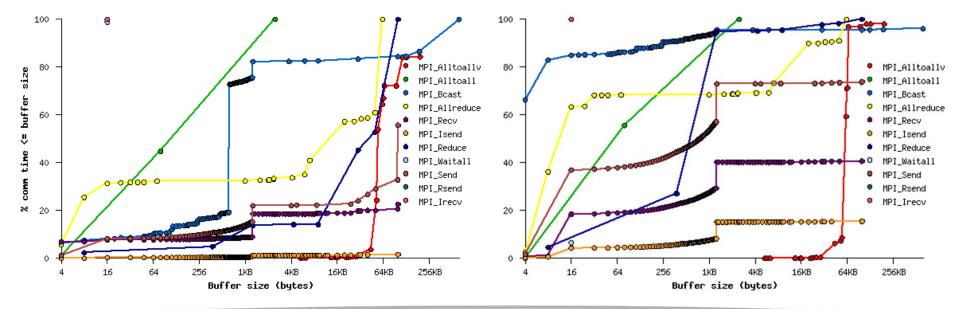


Communication pattern changes as more processes involved

- 4 nodes: Majority of messages are concentrated at 64KB
- 8 nodes: MPI_Alltoallv is the largest MPI time consumer, is largely concentrated at 64KB
- 8 nodes: MPI_Bcast is the most frequently called MPI API, is largely concentrated at 4B



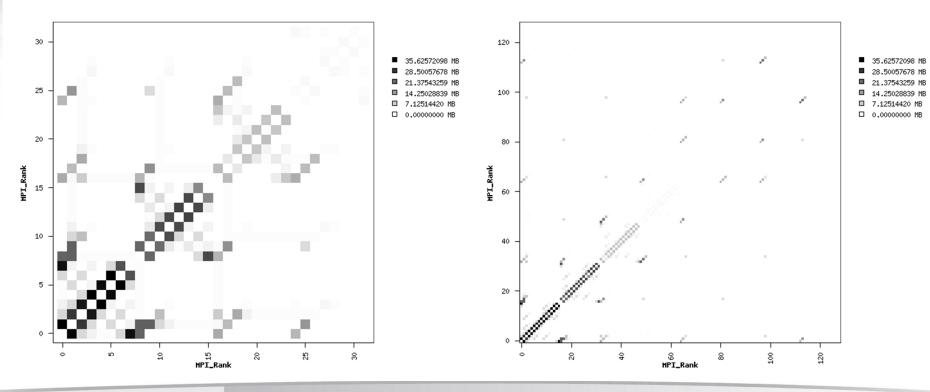
8 Nodes – 256 Processes



VASP Profiling – Point To Point Data Flow



- The point to point data flow shows the communication pattern of VASP
 - VASP mainly communicates on lower ranks
 - The pattern stays the same as the cluster scales



1 Nodes – 32 Processes

4 Nodes – 128 Processes

Summary



- Low latency in network communication is required to make VASP scalable
 - QDR InfiniBand delivers good scalability and provides lowest latency among the tested:
 - 186% versus 40GbE, over 5 times better than 10GbE and over 8 times than 1GbE on 8 nodes
 - Ethernet would not scale and become inefficient to run beyond 2 nodes
 - Mellanox messaging accelerations (SRQ and MXM) can provide benefit for VASP to run at scale
 - Heavy MPI collective communication occurred in VASP
- CPU:
 - Running single core in core pairs performs 42% faster than running with both cores
 - "dell_affinity.exe" ensures proper process allocation support in Open MPI and MVAPICH2
- Software stack:
 - Free stack (Open64/MVAPICH2/ACML/ScaLAPACK) performs comparably to Intel stack
 - Additional performance is expected with source code optimizations and tuning using the latest development tools (such as Open64, ACML) that support AMD "Interlagos" architecture



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